



# **Model based soft-sensors based on OPC Unified Architecture**

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# Presentation outline

- The problem
- Old solution
- New solution
- An example
- Future outlook



# The problem

# 3 stories

- 1) supplier of plants packages
- 2) automation supplier
- 3) operating company



# Story 1: supplier of plants packages

- Provide fully-automated, self-diagnostic, self-optimizing, "intelligent" units
- Adapt and customize the package units to the ever-changing specifications with minimal effort and risks
- Make the package units easier to deploy by adapting to the customers' industrial information technology infrastructure

# Story 2: automation supplier

- Flexible design: react to project changes
- Diverse environment: open standards
- Maintainability: follow seamlessly the changes during the operation phases
- Avoid risky reconfiguration or manual adaptation of custom interfaces

# Story 3: operating company

- Adapt to load changes
- Handle day-night fluctuations in the electricity price
- Handle feedstock changes: variable-by-design feedstocks such as biomasses, but fossil fuels change quality continuously too
- Adjust the production mix the demand (cogeneration or trigeneration)



# intelligent

integration adapt change

# flexibility

optimize  
market

smart

unmanned operation

low-risk

# customize

self-diagnostic

# value



A large, dark-colored industrial steam engine is the central focus of the image. It features a massive flywheel on the left side and a complex arrangement of pipes, valves, and smaller mechanical components. The engine is situated in a large, well-lit room with high ceilings and arched windows in the background. The floor is made of polished wood. The text "Old solution" is overlaid in the center of the image.

**Old solution**

# Protocols & interfaces

- 4-20 mA
- SMART
- HART
- Ethernet
- Sattbus
- Modbus
- Profibus / Fieldbus
- EDAS
- CIP
- CIM-IO
- IEC 870-5-101/104
- http / https
- ODBC
- WCF
- **Classic OPC**



# Classic OPC

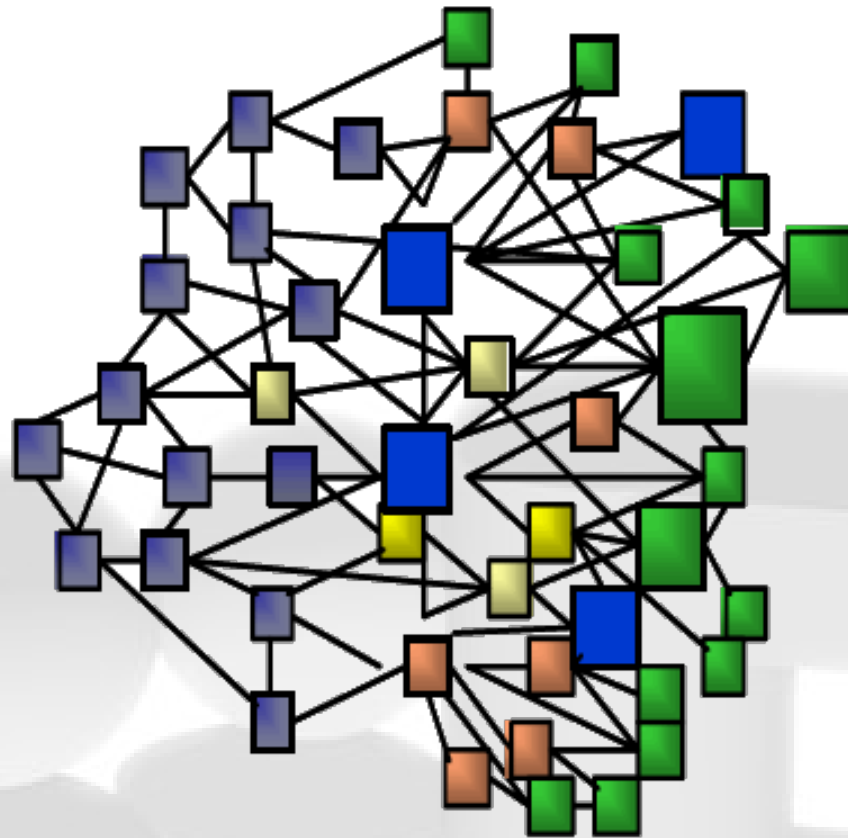
- Classic OPC is a set of de-facto standards

<http://www.opcfoundation.org>



- For interfacing between process automation (SCADA, PLC, DCS) and the rest of IT
- Time span: 1996 – 2005
- Based on COM technology (Microsoft, 1993)

# Resulting industrial IT architecture





A large industrial facility, likely a power plant or refinery, featuring prominent yellow and blue machinery. The yellow section on the left has a 'MITSUBISHI' logo. A complex network of large, insulated silver pipes runs throughout the space. In the foreground, there are blue cylindrical tanks and piping systems with red safety railings. A set of stairs with red railings leads up to a platform. The overall scene is brightly lit, emphasizing the industrial scale and complexity.

# New solution



# OPC UA (Unified Architecture)

- OPC UA (Unified Architecture) is a single de-facto standard, evolution of Classic OPC

<http://www.opcfoundation.org>



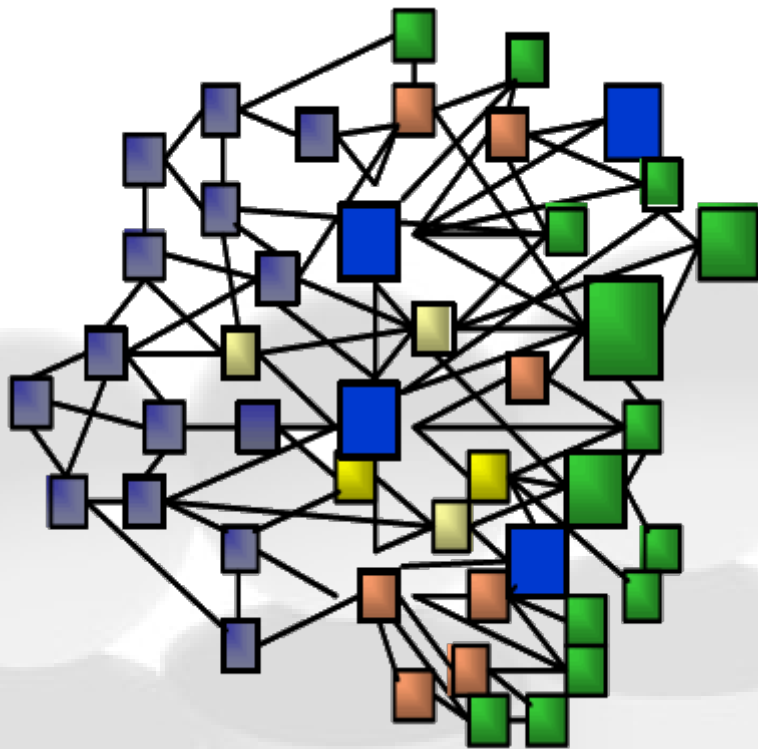
- Time span: 2006 - ...
  - Based on SOA
  - Platform-independent (non-Microsoft specific)
  - Object-oriented
  - Semantic: domain-specific information models

# SOA (Service Oriented Architecture)

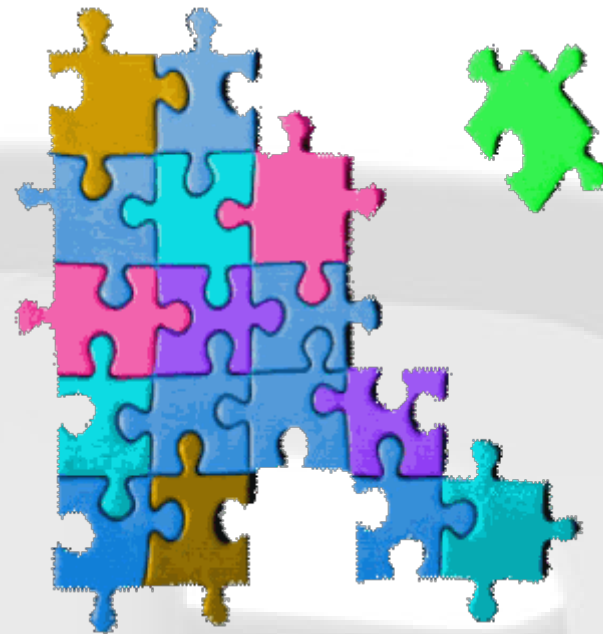
business  
process

service

interoperable  
software module



before SOA

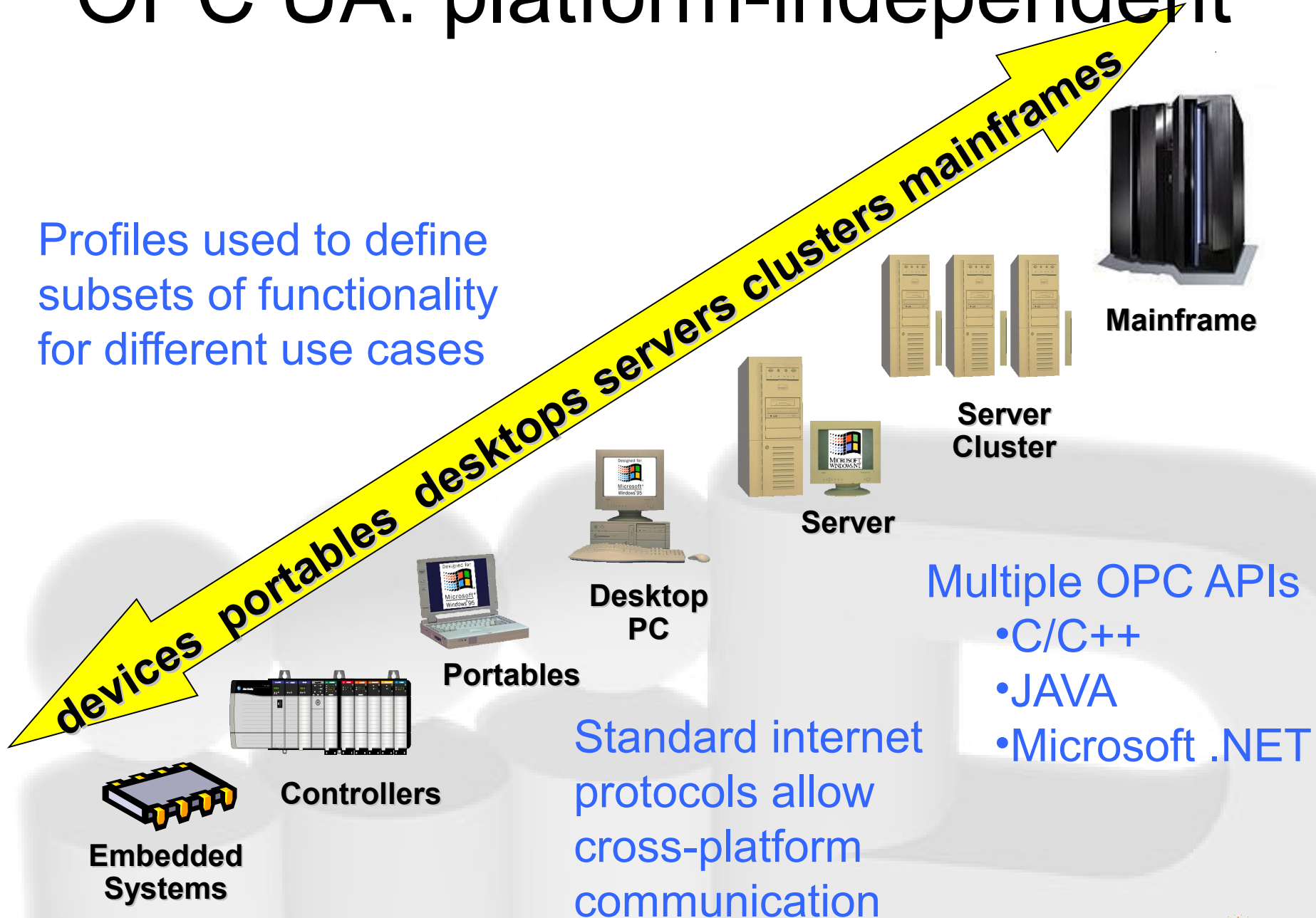


after SOA

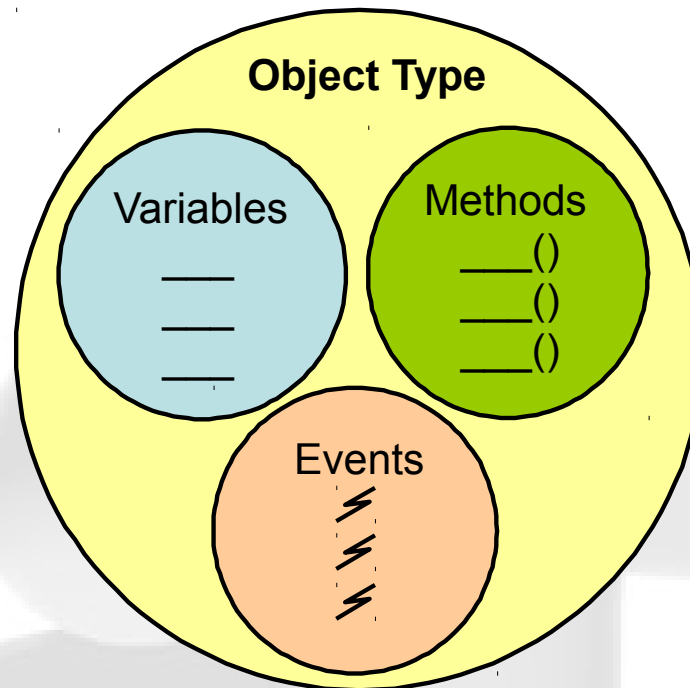


# OPC UA: platform-independent

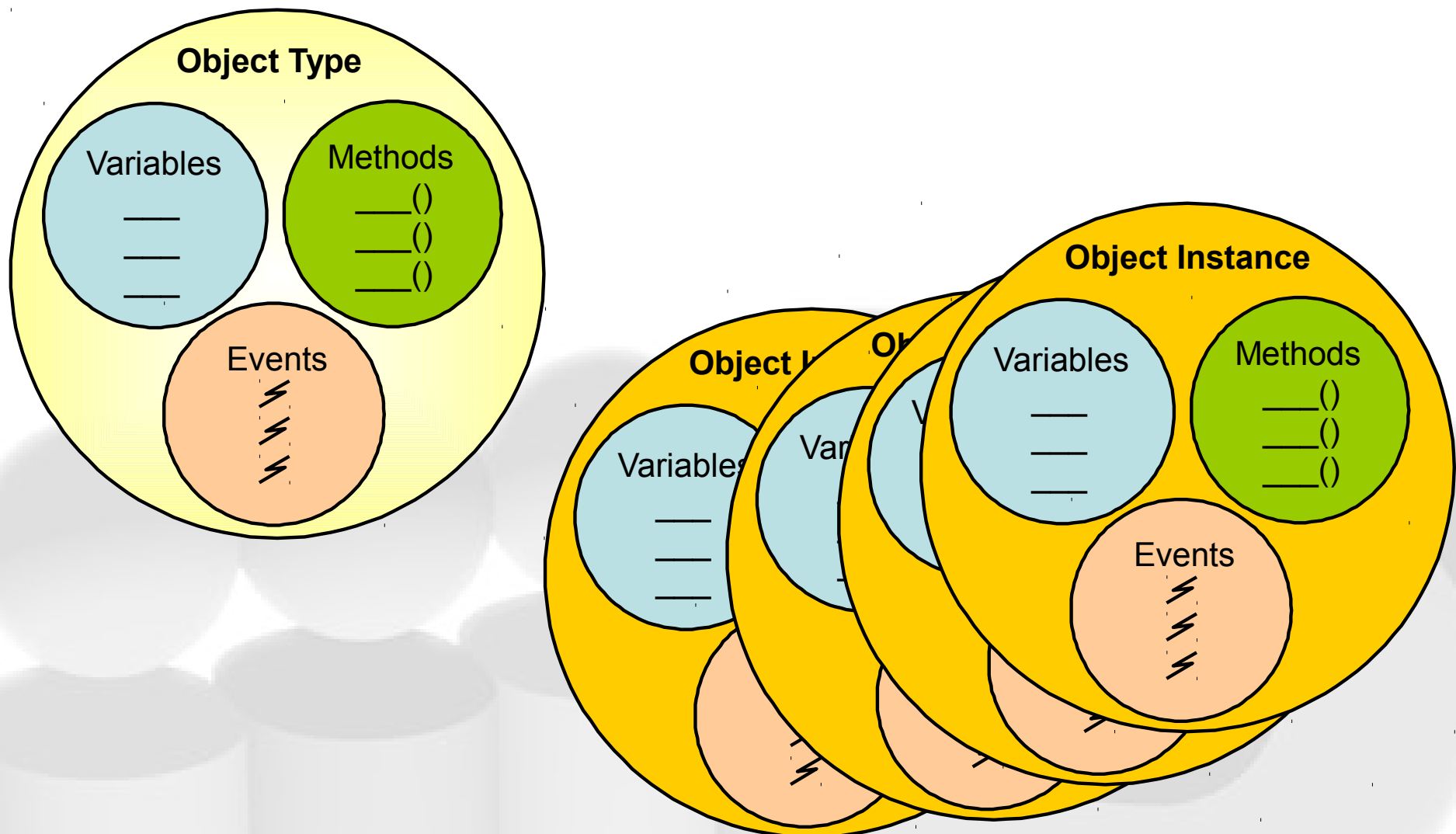
Profiles used to define subsets of functionality for different use cases



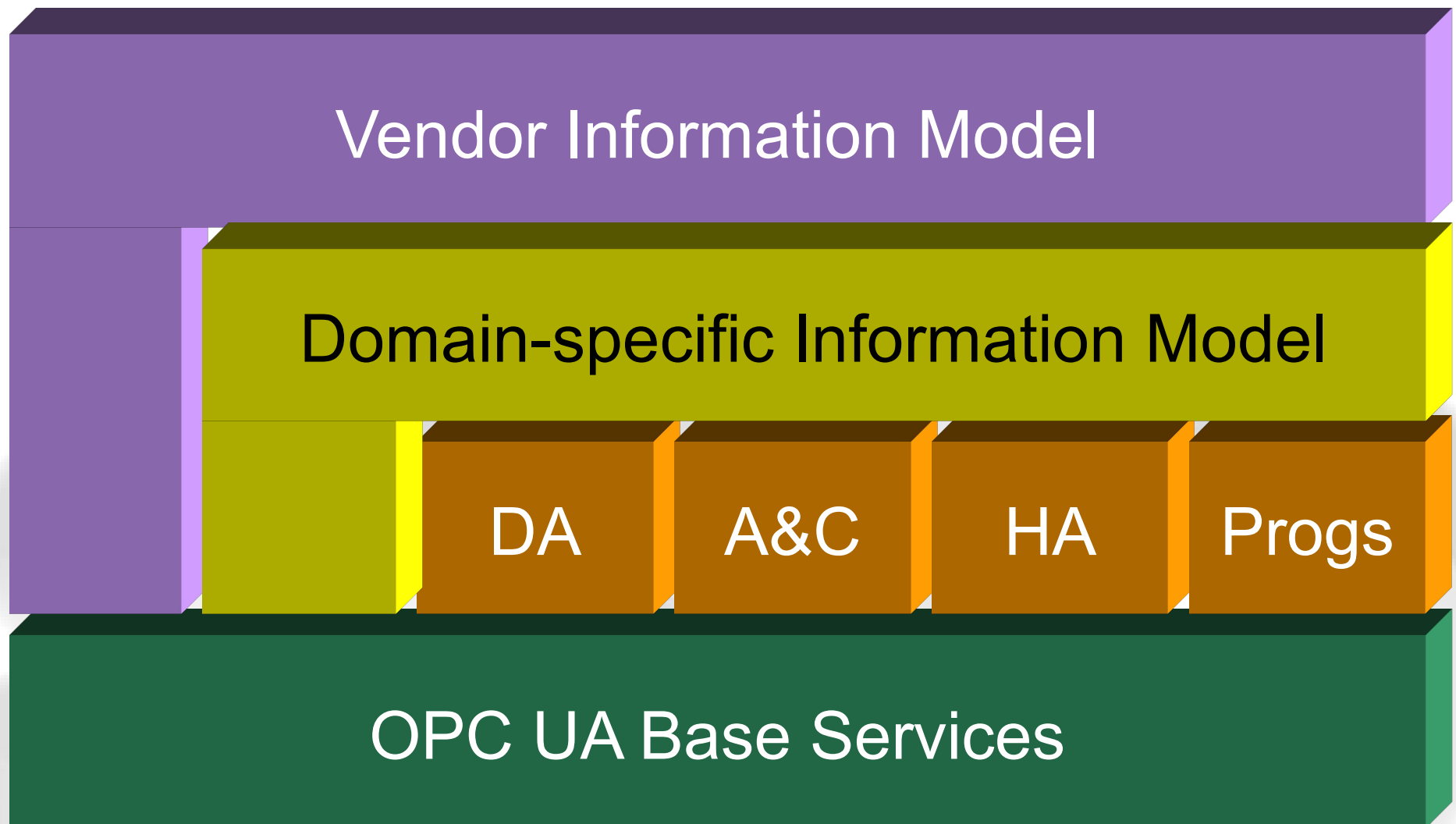
# OPC UA object oriented: types



# OPC UA object oriented: instances



# OPC UA: architecture



# OPC UA: semantic

- Domain-specific information models for:
  - device information
  - analyser devices
  - plant operation and maintenance
  - batch control
  - PLC programming
  - **process simulation capabilities ?**





# An example

# Soft sensors

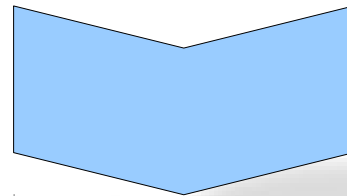
**Soft-sensors** = replace real sensors with virtual, calculated results

- Model-driven - first principle models
- Data-driven - based on raw data manipulation
  - Principle Component Analysis (PCA)
  - Partial Least Squares (PLS)
  - Artificial Neural Networks (ANN).



# The soft-sensor of the example

- gas-chromatograph measures the composition of a material stream composed of short-chain hydrocarbons



- Soft-sensor computes:
  - Lower / higher heating value and Wobbe-Index;
  - LEL / UEL (lower and upper explosive limits) and LOC (limiting oxygen content);
  - Density, compression factor and temperature / pressure dew-point and bubble-point with an equation of state specific for Natural Gas (GERG-2004)

# LIBPF: LIBrary for Process Flowsheeting



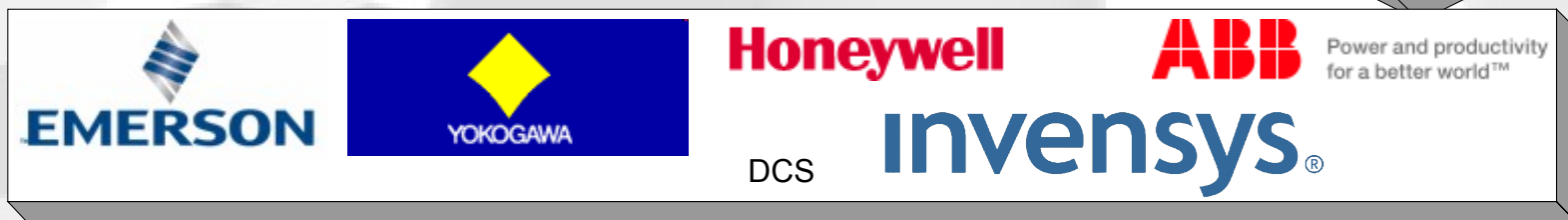
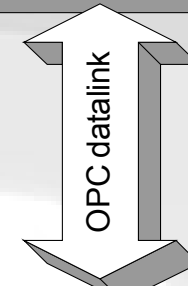
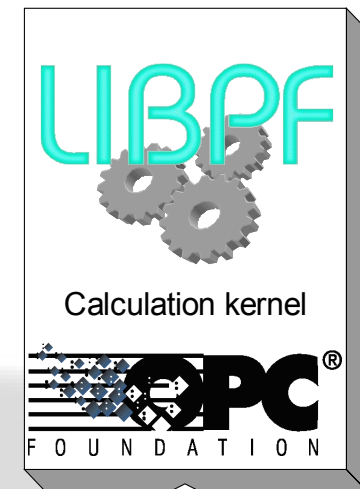
- Modular Software Development Kit (SDK) for process flowsheeting



- Object-oriented C++ library:
  - Components, physical properties, phases, streams, unit operations and flowsheets
  - Tools: solvers, input/output, object persistency, communication interfaces

# Classic OPC soft sensor

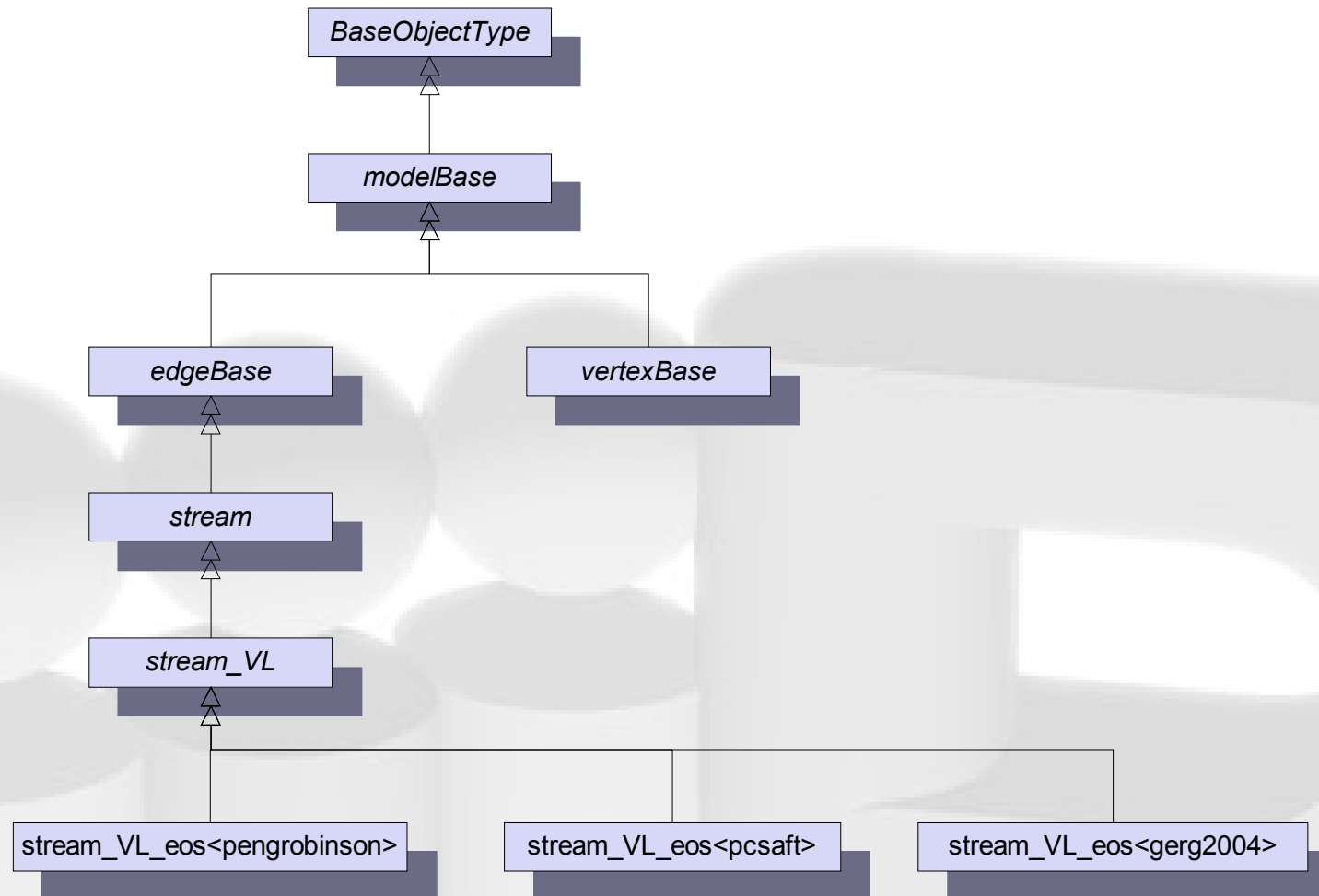
- OPC DA 2.0.4 client
- Placeholder tags have to be defined in the OPC server
- Configuration via XML file
- Start / stop as an operating system service



# OPC UA process simulation information model

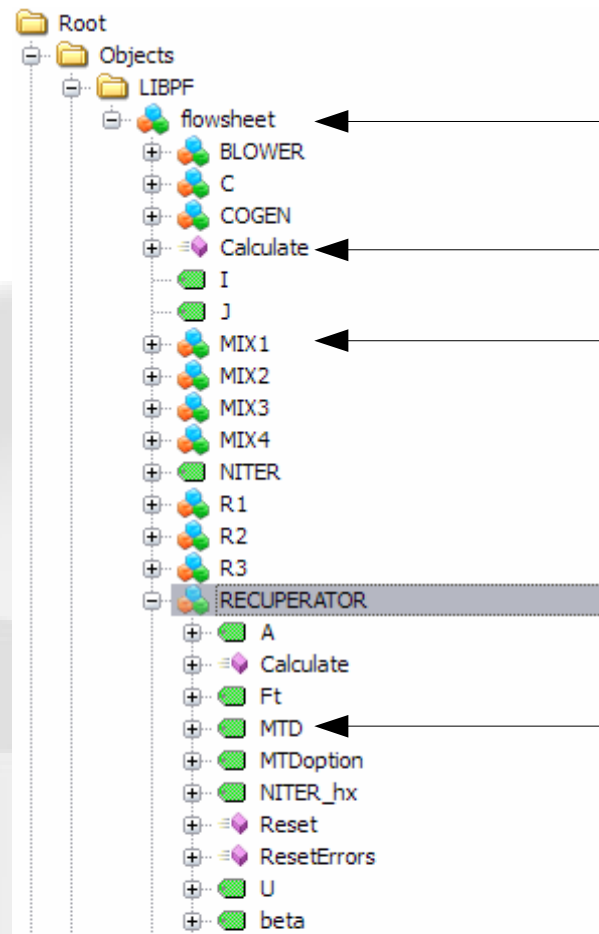


## OPC UA node types from LIBPF objects



# OPC UA soft sensor prototype

LIBPF objects are exposed as OPC UA nodes at runtime



Flowsheet object instance

Method can be actioned on the object

Unit operation object instance

Quantity with engineering unit object instance

# OPC UA soft sensor features

- Runs on both Windows and Linux
- Could even be integrated directly into the device (gas-chromatograph, fiscal meter)
- No configuration files
- The configuration can be performed using any 3<sup>rd</sup> party OPC UA client, thanks to the discovery and browsing capabilities



# Future outlook



# Future work for us

- Complete the prototype, implementing additional OPC UA interfaces:
  - the **node creation** interface: clients can browse the hierarchy of available types known to the server, and request that one of them should be instantiated at run-time
  - the **state machine** information model: clients can configure the valid / invalid states and their triggers
  - the **program** interface: clients can start / stop soft sensors individually without starting / stopping the service / daemon

# Future work for the community

- Agree on a domain-specific information model for on-line application of process models on top of OPC Unified Architecture stack:
  - Process modeling objects: Components, phases, streams, unit operations
  - On-line modeling applications: Soft sensors, process simulation, advanced control, model predictive control, plant-wide mass balance reconciliation, operator training



OPC Unified Architecture (UA): a new platform-independent standard for **interoperability** between enterprise information systems and **industrial automation**

OPC UA could reshape the automation industry and the business models in the *process simulation and optimization* and in the *real-time process optimisation and training* sectors